

## **2023 RIDOT Carbon Reduction Plan** Executive Climate Change Coordinating Council (EC4) June 21, 2023

Presented by Pamela Cotter, RIDOT Administrator of Planning





- Project Motivation
- CRP Content
  - Document Outline
  - Federal Requirements
- Current Progress and Next Steps
  - Baseline Inventory
  - CRP Project Identification and Analysis





# RIDOT's development of a Carbon Reduction Plan serves two primary purposes:



# 1. Support RI's Clean Energy Targets

- Net Zero by 2050 (2021 Act on Climate)
- 45% below 1990 levels by 2035
- 80% below 1990 levels by 2040

# 2. Secure Federal Funding Eligibility

- Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (2021)
- \$35 million available from FFY 2022 2026
- Must use funds for cost-effective emissions reduction projects in STIP



- RIDOT CRP Proposed Outline
  - 1. Executive Summary
  - 2. Overview and Objectives
  - **3.** Strategy Development / Stakeholder Coordination
  - **4.** Baseline Inventory and Forecast
  - 5. Scenario Analysis: Advanced Vehicle Technology
  - Current / Planned Transportation GHG Reduction Strategies
  - GHG Reduction Benefits, Cost-Effectiveness and Co-Benefits by Project Type
  - 8. GHG Reduction Analysis of STIP
  - Emissions Benefits of Carbon Reduction Program Projects

- CRP Federal Requirements
  - 1. State develops strategy in consultation with MPO
  - 2. Identifies and Supports Projects to Reduce Emissions
  - **3.** Quantifies Transportation Emissions
  - 4. Terms Fit State Context
  - 5. Due November 15, 2023



10. Appendices

CRP Federal Requirement:	RIDOT CRP Document Section:			
Developed in Consultation with MPO	Stakeholder Coordination			
Identifies and Supports Projects to Reduce Emissions	<ul> <li>Stakeholder Coordination</li> <li>Summary of Existing GHG Reduction Plans</li> <li>Project Cost-Effectiveness Summary</li> <li>Emissions Benefits of CRP Projects</li> </ul>			
Quantifies Transportation Emissions	<ul> <li>Baseline Inventory and Forecast</li> <li>Scenario Analysis: Advanced Technology</li> <li>STIP Analysis (Projects of Regional Significance)</li> </ul>			
Aligns With Rhode Island's Goals (Act on Climate)	<ul> <li>Stakeholder Coordination</li> <li>Baseline Inventory and Forecast</li> <li>Summary of Existing GHG Reduction Plans</li> <li>STIP Analysis (Project Prioritization)</li> </ul>			



	2021	2035	2040	2050
On-Road Private	3,131,761	2,580,246	2,502,362	2,455,581
On-Road Public	24,270*	24,270	24,270	24,270
Rail Transit	15,992	1,842	1,798	1,746
Construction and Maintenance	10,203	7,329	7,522	7,421

### **On-Road Private Mobile Sources**

• Constitute vast majority of transportation emissions

\*Public Transportation estimates are derived from 2022 data



Key Assumptions – to encapsulate "baseline" scenario conditions:









Private Vehicles -RI fulfills its net-zero electricity grid goals

-Low to moderate vehicle electrification through 2050

#### **Public Transportation**

-No capacity or vehicle technology changes through 2050

#### Rail Transit

-RI fulfills its net-zero electricity grid and rail transit goals

-Passenger railmileage relatively constant 2019 - 2050

#### Construction and Maintenance

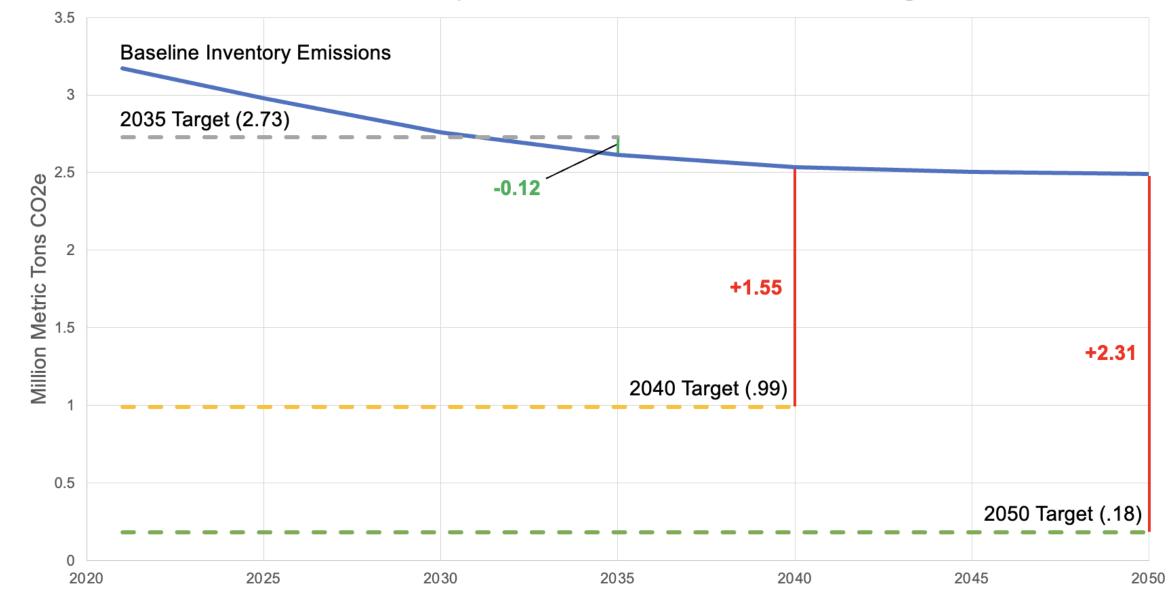
-Lifetime of all construction = 30yrs

-STIP projects with no specific locations omitted

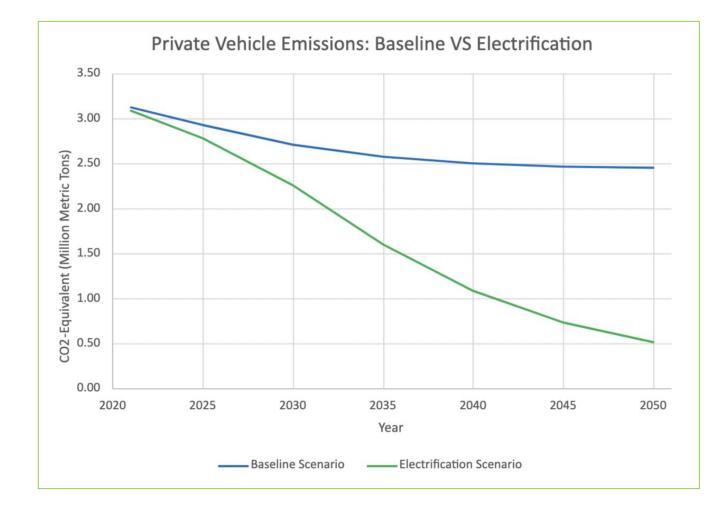


### **Current Progress: Baseline Inventory Analysis**

**Rhode Island Transportation GHG Emissions Reduction Targets** 



- Forecasted using California Advanced Technology Regulation scenario (ZEV sales requirements)
- RI Goal: 400,000 EVs on road by 2030 / interim goal 50,000 by 2025
- ~30 MMT CO2e total reduction from 2021 – 2050





## **Current Progress: Summary of Existing Plans**

Action	Impact	Lead(s)	
Increase light-duty ZEV penetration to at least 10% by 2030.	The GHG emission impacts of this action will be modeled as part of the 2025 Climate Strategy.	Administration (RIDOT, RIDEM, OER, DMV, Commerce, RIIB)	
Implement Transit Forward RI 2040, Rhode Island's Transit Master Plan, to grow transit ridership from 53,000 to 87,000 daily passenger trips. Look to the Transit Master Plan and Bicycle Mobility Plan for next steps and consider committing resources to key projects.	The GHG emission impacts of this action will be modeled as part of the 2025 Climate Strategy	RIPTA, Division of Statewide Planning, RIDOT	
Reduce RIPTA's carbon footprint by decarbonizing Rhode Island's transit fleet.	The GHG emission impacts of this action will be modeled as part of the 2025 Climate Strategy	RIPTA	
Maintain increasing fuel economy and low-and zero-emission vehicle standards	The GHG emission impacts of this action will be modeled as part of the 2025 Climate Strategy	RIDEM	
Incentivize electric mobility	Enables switch to electric vehicles	Office of Energy Resources	
Model climate impacts of transportation demand (in Unified Planning Work Program)	Allows weighing climate impacts of transportation investment decisions among policy objectives	Division of Statewide Planning, RIDOT and RIDEM	
Develop 'complete streets' state plan leveraging federal funding	Reduces fuel consumed through decrease in vehicle miles traveled and encourages lower- emissions mobility	Division of Statewide Planning, RIDOT and RIPTA	



STIP Project	Primary Actions	Project Type(s)	Projected Cost	Estimated GHG Effects Upon Completion
Opening of Cranston Canyon	Rebuild six structures in Bridge Group 51B; create and reorient lanes at I-295 North.	Traffic operation and flow improvements; roadway state of good repair.	\$85M	Annual emissions reduced by ~4,095 tons CO2e / year
Route 146 Reconstruction	Bridge replacements; roadway repaving; traffic signal removal.		\$196M	Annual emissions reduced by ~5,922 tons CO2e / year
Completion of the I-95 Missing Move and Quonset Connector Ramps	Construct two new highway ramps to complete the interchange of I-95 and Route 4.	Traffic operation and flow improvements; capacity expansion.	\$135M	Annual emissions reduced by ~513 tons CO2e / year



#### **CRP Project Selection Guidance:**

Summary of Cost-Effectiveness Analysis in Clean Transportation & Mobility Innovation Report

Average Strategy Effectiveness		Strategy cost-effectiveness: Best project options								
Transportation Strategy	GHG	PM2.5	Jobs	Health Benefits	Transportation Strategy	Projects	GHG	PM2.5	Jobs	Health Benefits
VMT <sup>1</sup> Reduction & Mode Shift	57%	53%	53%	<u>70%</u>	VMT Reduction & Mode Shift	Improved land use & smart growth	+++	++	++	++
						Bicycle investment	++	++	++	+++
Transportation	50%	23%	<u>83%</u>	33%	Transportation	Bus service: Efficiency	++	+	+++	++
System Efficiency					System Efficiency	Traffic flow improvements	+++	-	+++	-
Vehicle & Fuel	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	42%	92%	Vehicle & Fuel	Light-duty EVs	+++	+++	+	++
Technology					Technology	Electric transit buses	+++	+++	+	++



• STIP Projects *Currently* Selected for CRP Funding:

STIP Project Type (Eligibility Criteria #)	CRP Funding (\$ million)				
Sidewalk Installation (1)	0.6				
Bike Path Preservation (1)	7.1				
Statewide Congested Corridors Upgrades (2)	6.0				
ITS Additions; Congestion Management (2)	2.8				
Safety Service Patrol (2)	1.6				
Traffic Signal Management (2, 3)	1.2				
Smart Corridors Initiatives (2)	0.2				
TOTAL	19.5				

- Project Eligibility Requirements (Abbreviated) – May Reduce Emissions Via:
  - 1. Encouraging Alternative Travel Modes
  - 2. Congestion management or traffic flow improvements
  - 3. Energy-efficiency Improvements for traffic control devices
  - 4. Supporting deployment of alternative-fuel vehicles
  - 5. Facilities emissions reductions



- Stakeholder Coordination
  - Consult EC4, Federal Highway Administration, and MPO in project identification and broader CRP development process
  - Establish additional Public Comment Period
- Revise and Finalize Selection of CRP-Funded Projects
  - Clarify project eligibility constraints
  - Develop strategy to allocate remaining ~ \$15 million federal funding
  - Optimize selection to RI Context; e.g. cross-reference project selection with other statewide goals (RI Act on Climate)
  - Perform more quantitative cost-effectiveness analysis of prospective CRP-funded projects



- Project Motivation
  - Support 2021 Act on Climate Goals and Secure Federal Funding Eligibility
- Current Progress
  - Baseline Inventory and Electrification Analyses: baseline scenario falls significantly short of long-term targets
  - Summary and Analysis of Existing Plans / Major STIP Projects
  - Initial CRP Project Identification: primarily congestion management and mode shift
- Next Steps
  - Stakeholder Coordination: new policies will achieve our targets if we have the support and adaption of the public. EC4's efforts to engage residents in the policy process and define what is needed from the public will be crucial for reaching RI's climate goals.
  - Revise and Finalize Project Selection



### **Thank You**



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